

Radiation in Locally Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

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Flow of my Talk

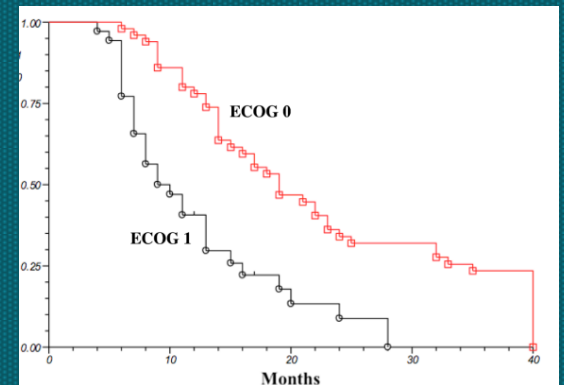
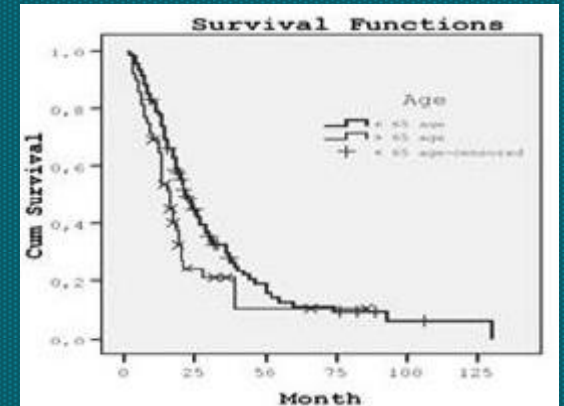
- Selection of patients
- Time, dose and fractionations
- Radiation Volumes
- OAR Constraints
- Outcome and complications

What is Locally Advanced Lung Cancer

	No	N1	N2	N3
T1	IA	IIB	IIIA	IIIB
T2a	IB	IIB	IIIA	IIIB
T2b	IIA	IIB	IIIA	IIIB
T3	IIB	IIIA	IIIB	IIIC
T4	IIIA	IIIA	IIIB	IIIC
M1a	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA
M1b	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA
M1c	IVB	IVB	IVB	IVB

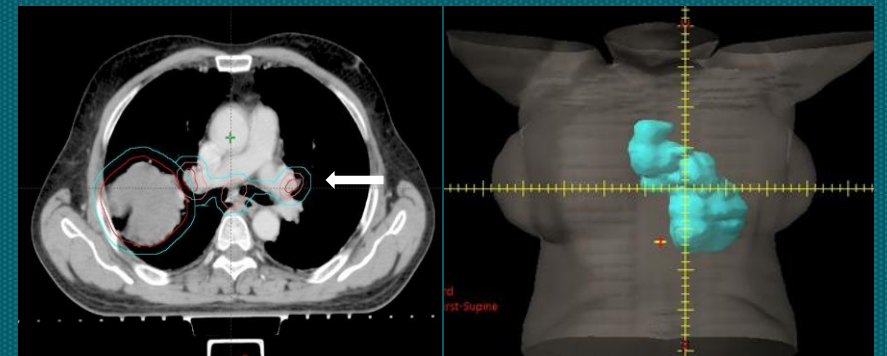
Patient factors

- Age - No cut-off
- Performance status (KPS/ECOG) – 70-100/0-2
- Comorbidities – COPD, DM, HT
- PFT parameters – FEV1 > 50% predicted or ≥ 1.0 L and DLCO > 40%
- Interstitial lung disease



Tumor factors

- T stage - T1-T4 (except nodules in different lobe)
- Nodal Status
- Size/PTV Volume - > 700cc –bad prognosis
- Location and Laterality
- Collapse: Major airway involved



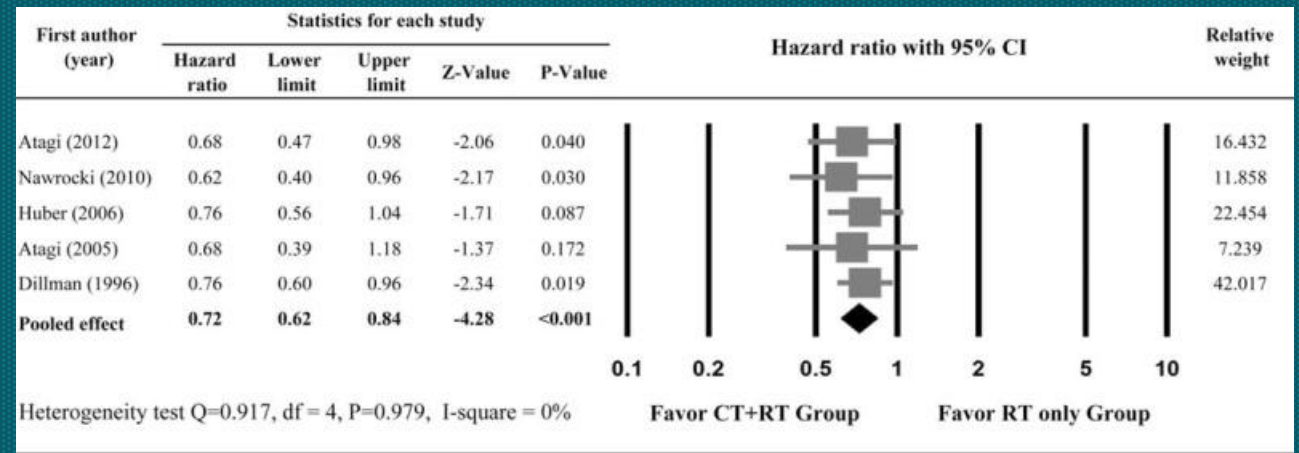
Treatment factors

- Motion management – Very essential
- Linear accelerator
- Planning System – tissue heterogeneity corrections
- Pulmonary rehabilitation

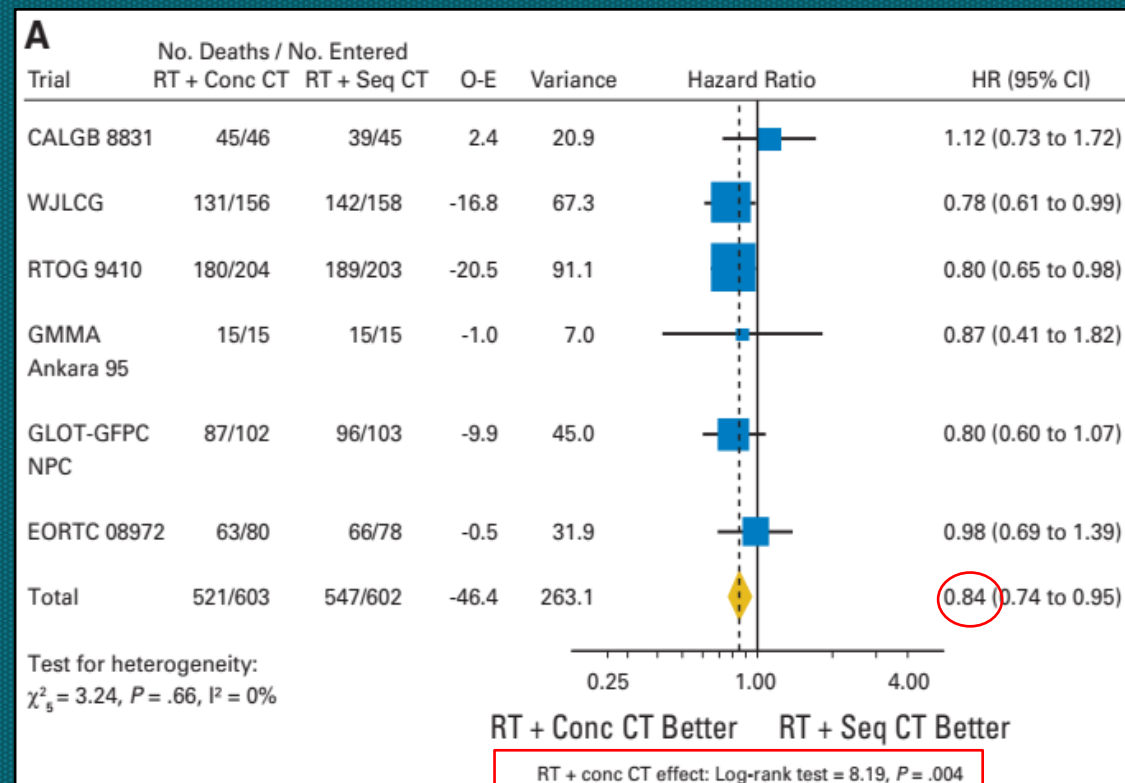
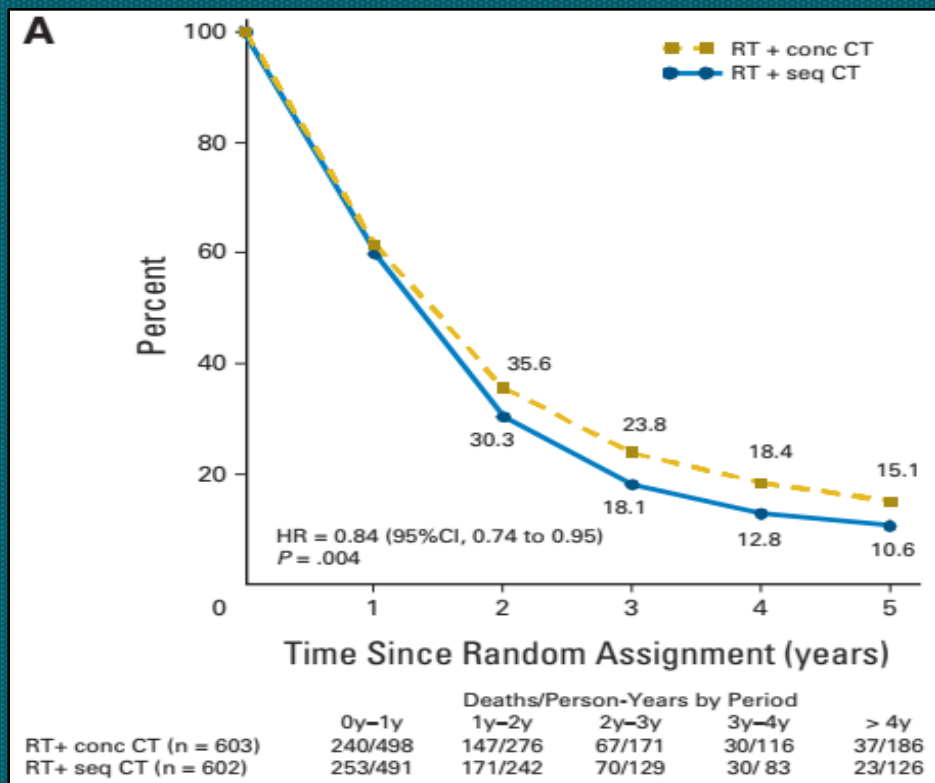
Radiation Alone or Combined with Chemo

Two Year Overall Survival

Trial	Pts	RT	CT--->RT
Finnish	238	17%	19%
NCCTG	107	16%	21%
CALGB	155	13%	26%
IGR-French	331	14%	21%

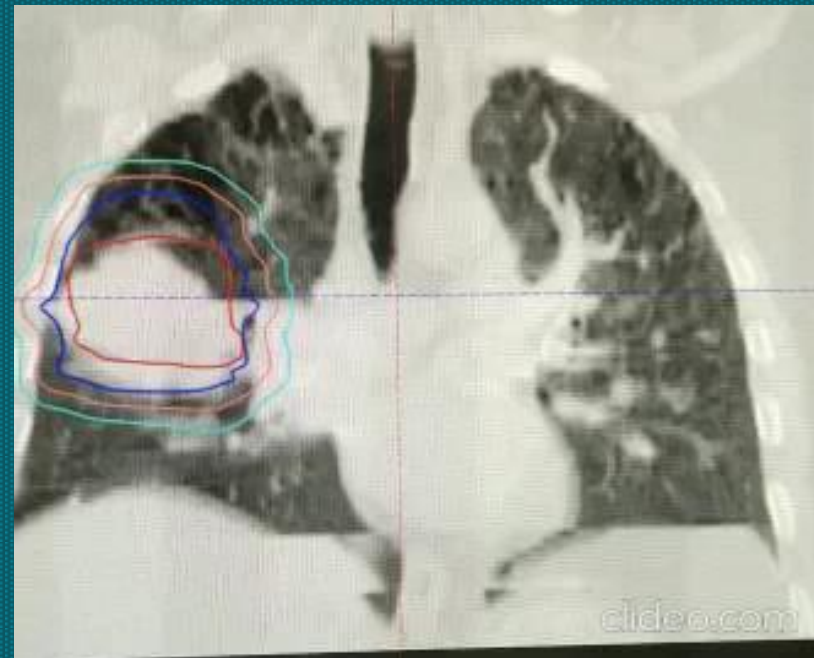
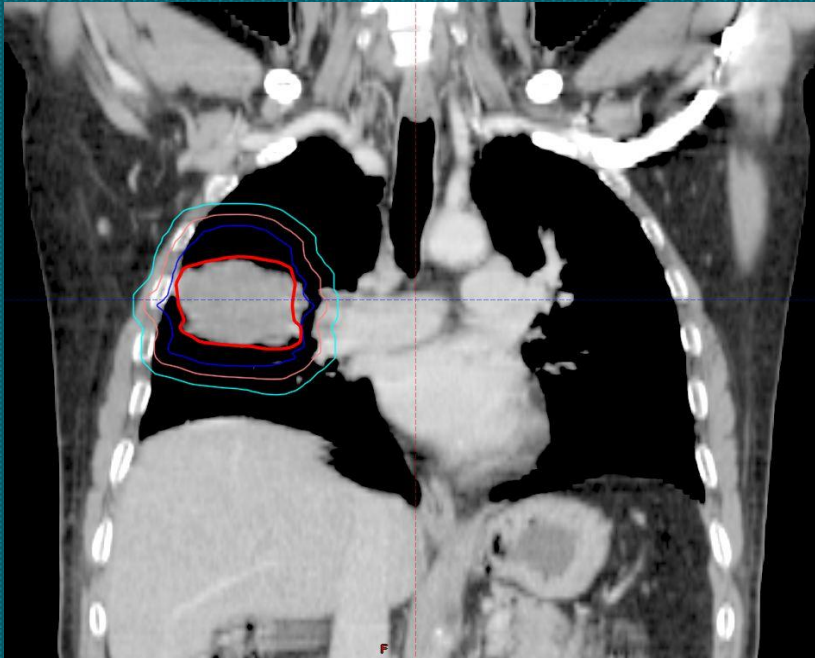


Timing of Radiation



Absolute benefit of 5.7% (from 18.1% to 23.8%) at 3 years and 4.5% at 5 years

Motion Management



Methods to Account Tumor Motion

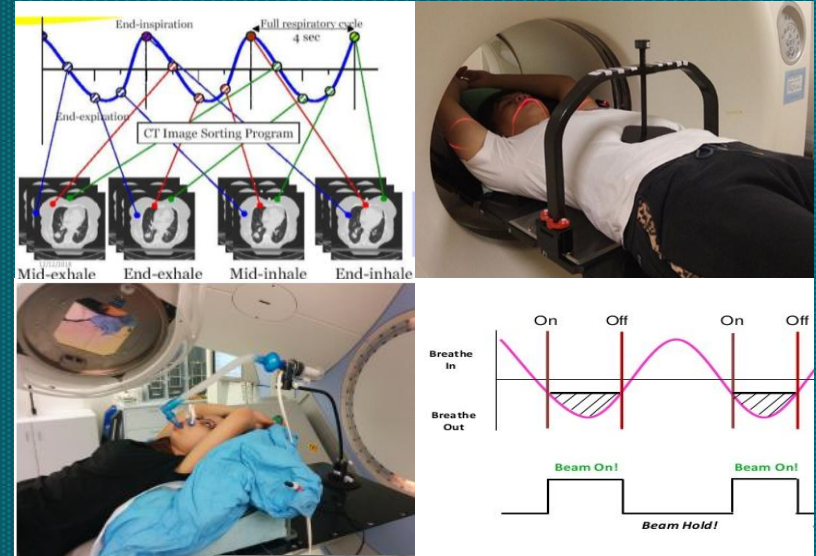
- Motion encompassing

- Forced shallow breathing

- Breath Hold

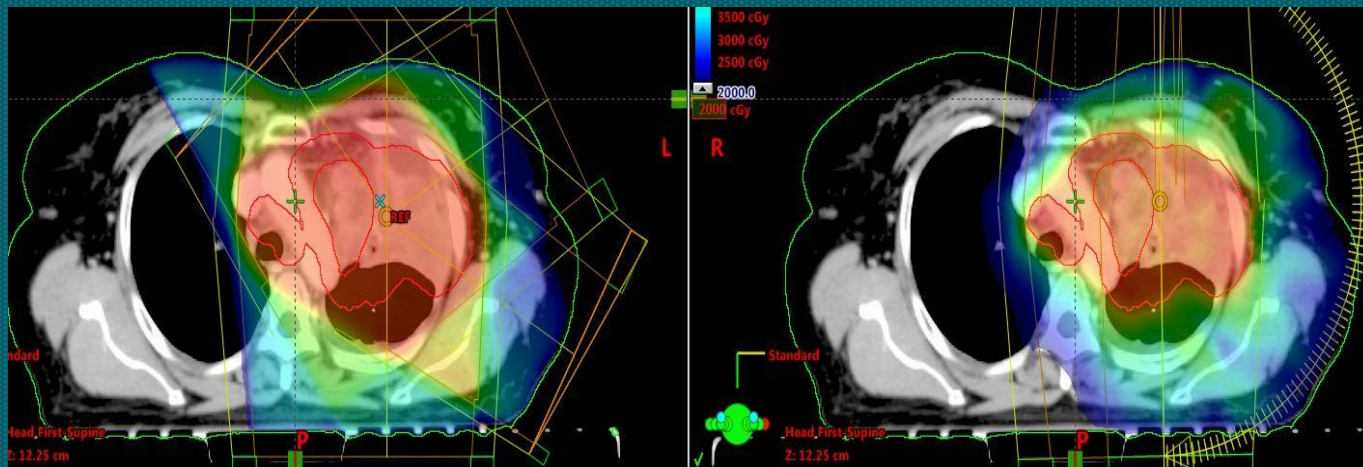
- Respiratory Gating

- Respiration Tracking



Radiation Techniques

- IMRT is more conformal and reduces normal tissue doses better than 3D CRT
- In RTOG 0617 – in spite of larger volumes and more IIB disease, IMRT reduces the risk of pneumonitis
- No difference in overall survival



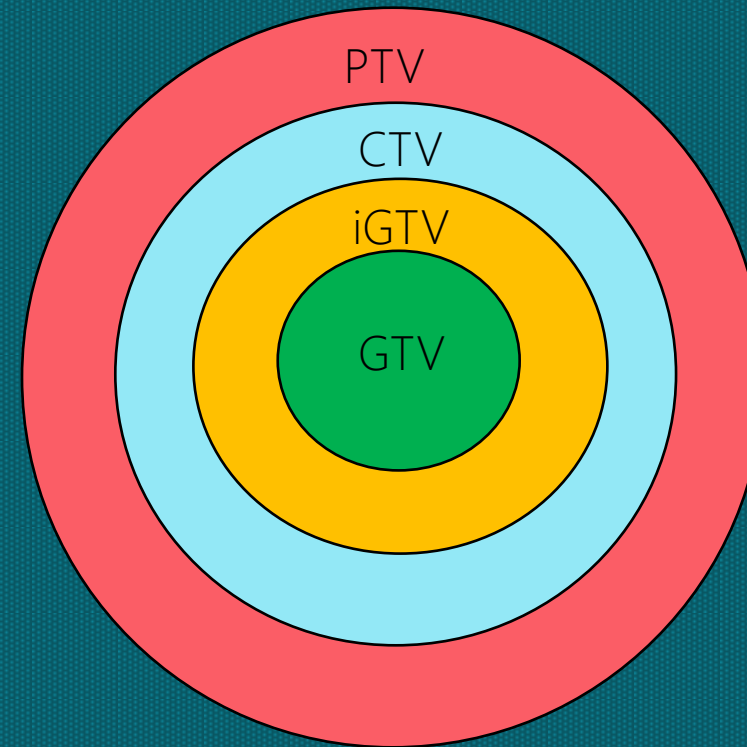
3D-CRT

IMRT

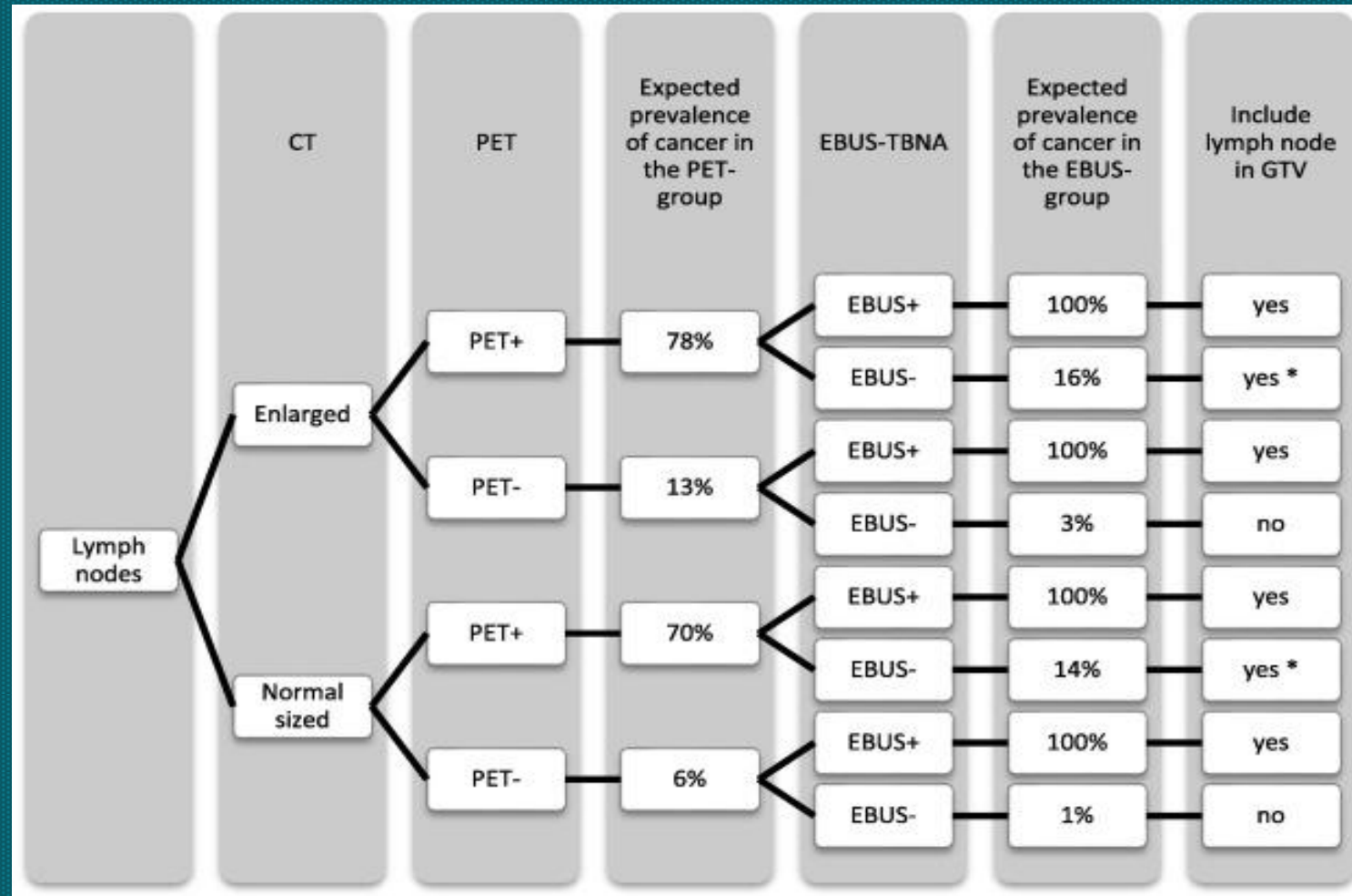
Outcome	3D-CRT	IMRT,	P value
2-year OS	49.4	53.2	0.597
2-year PFS	27.0	25.2	0.595
Pneumonitis	7.9%	3.5%	0.03
Heart V40 (%)	11.4	6.8	0.003

Radiation Volumes

- GTV – Primary + Nodes (>1cm or SUV>3)
- No ENI
- ITV (iGTV) – GTV + Resp motion
- CTV – ITV + 0.7 cm
- PTV – CTV + 0.5 cm
- Prescription – Planning target volume

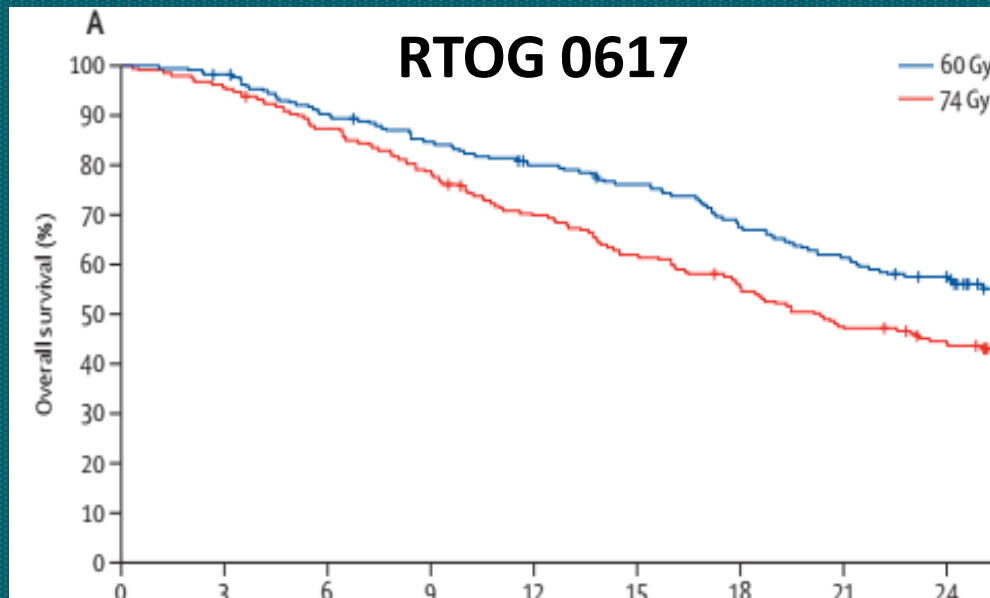


Radiation Volumes - Nodal



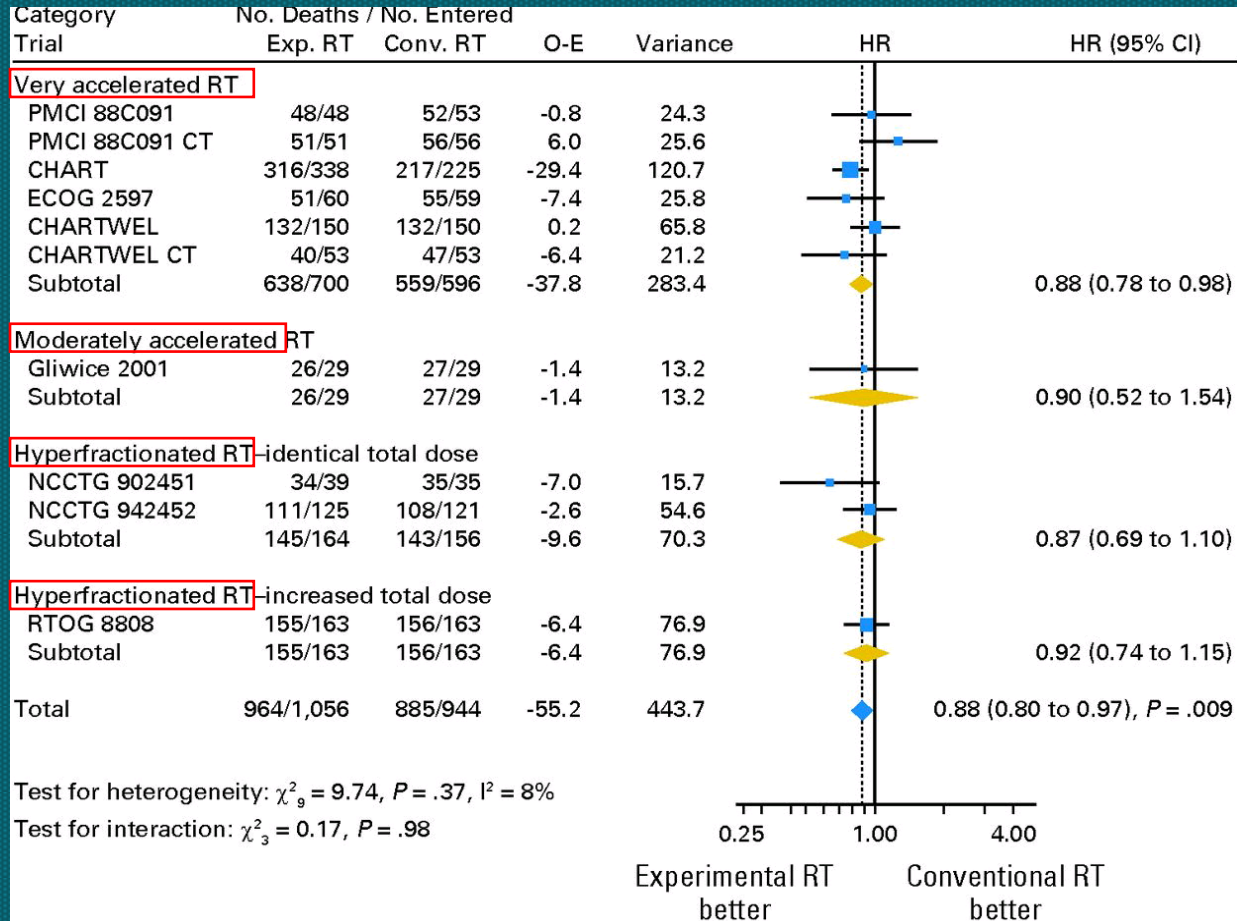
Dose and fractionation

- Standard - 60-66 in 30-33 fractions
- No proven role of uniform dose escalation
- Hypofractionation – could increase risk of RIP



Outcome	60 Gy	74 Gy	P value
Med OS	28.7	20.3	0.007
5 yr OS	32.1%	23%	0.004
5 yr PFS	18.3%	13%	0.055

Accelerated fractionation schedules



- 5-yr absolute benefit in OS of 2.5%
- Esophagitis rate significantly higher with hyper fractionation

Organ at Risk Constraints

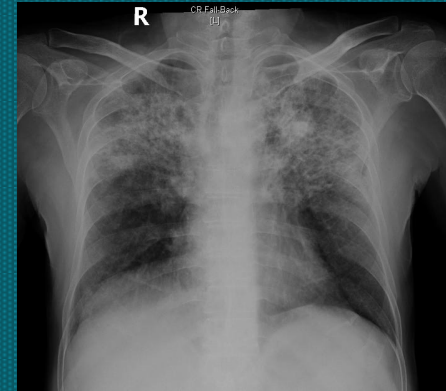
Organs at Risk	Dose Metrics	Acceptable level
Lung	V20	<30-35%
	MLD	<20Gy
Spinal Cord	Dmax	<45Gy
SC PRV (5mm)	Dmax	<50Gy
Heart	Mean	<30 Gy
	V40	<30Gy
Oesophagus	Dmax	≤63 Gy
	Mean	≤34 Gy

Outcome of CTRT

Trial (CTRT Arm)	Median OS (months)	3 year OS
INT 0139 (2009)	22.2	30% (appx)
RTOG 0617 (2015)	28.7	32% (5yr)
Proclaim (2016)	25	37%
PACIFIC (2017)	29.1	43.5%

Complications of CRT

- Radiation Pneumonitis – \geq Gr 3 - 15-20 %
- Oesophagitis – length of oesophagus and Etoposide
- Radiation Induced Heart Disease – RTOG 0617 attributed poorer OS



Factors impacting RIP

- Age > 65 yrs
- Lung Doses (MLD>20Gy, V20>35%)
- PFT
- Smoking
- Taxanes CT

Treatment - Short course steroids

CTCAE Scale						
PFT	Cutoff point	No Pneumonitis	Pneumonitis	HR	95% CI	P value
FEV1	<1.9	2 (9.1%)	7 (46.7%)	3.21	0.93–11.16	0.017
	\geq 1.9	20 (90.9%)	8 (53.3%)			
FeNO	<17.5	13 (59.1%)	3 (20%)	1.90	1.10–3.28	0.041
	\geq 17.5	9 (40.9%)	12 (80%)			
DLCO	<18.9	7 (31.2%)	12 (80%)	2.26	1.21–4.22	0.007
	\geq 18.9	15 (68.2%)	3 (20%)			

Predictors of Pneumonitis

- Lung –PTV V20Gy – significantly correlated with incidence of pneumonitis
- Mean Lung dose <20 Gy

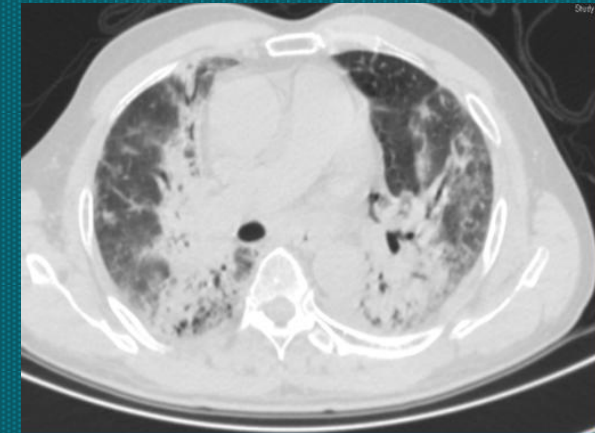
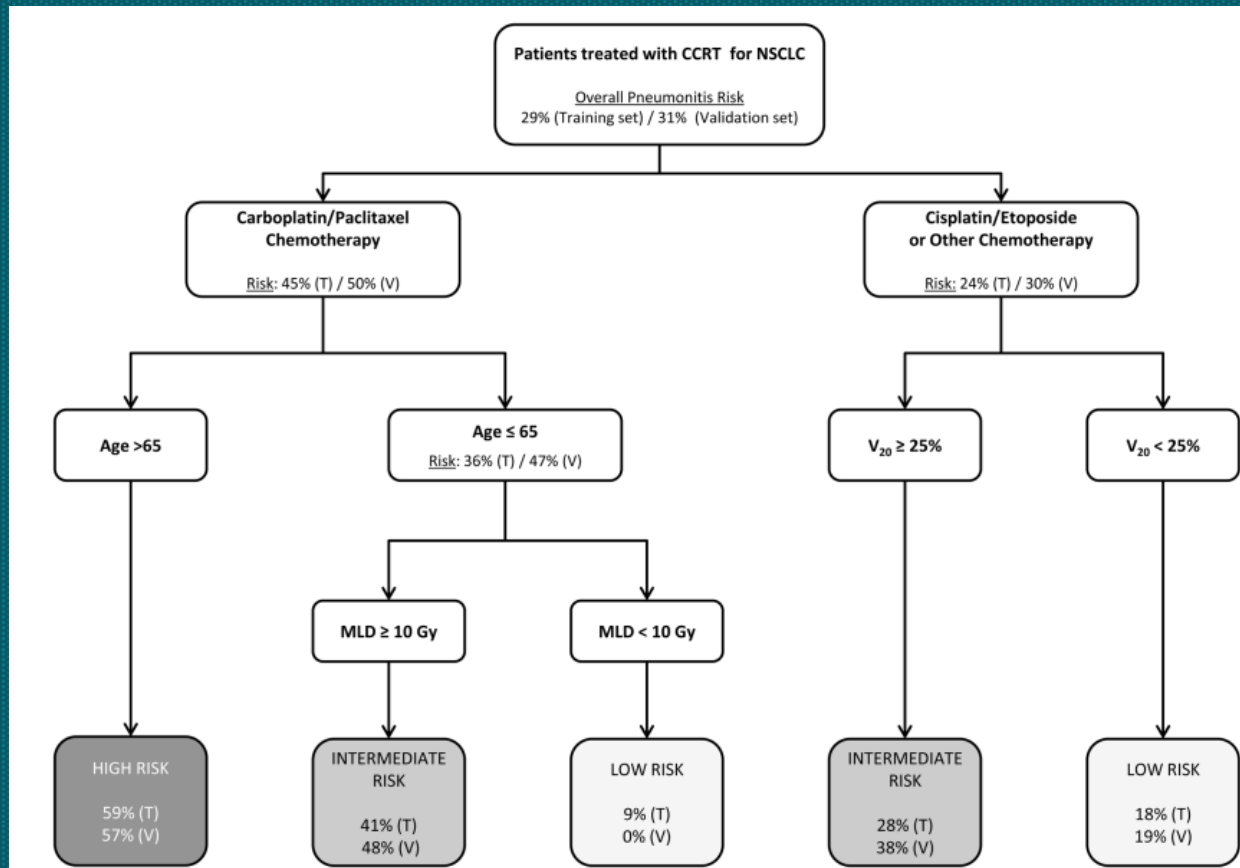


Table 6. Correlation between V_{20} and severity of pneumonitis

V_{20} (%)	Grade 2 (%)	Grade 3–5 (%)
<22	0	0
22–31	8	8
32–40	13	5 (1 fatal)
>40	19	23 (3 fatal)

Gaspar et al 2006	$V_{20} \leq 35\%$	$V_{20} > 35\%$
RP \geq Gr 3	4 %	10 %
Median survival	24 months	12 months

Predicting Radiation Pneumonitis After Chemoradiation Therapy for Lung Cancer: An International Individual Patient Data Meta-analysis



V20 Gy	Symptomatic pneumonitis (≥ Gr 2)	Fatal Pneumonitis
<20%	18.4%	0.0%
20-29.99%	30.3%	1.0%
30-39.99%	32.6%	2.9%
≥ 40%	35.9%	3.5%

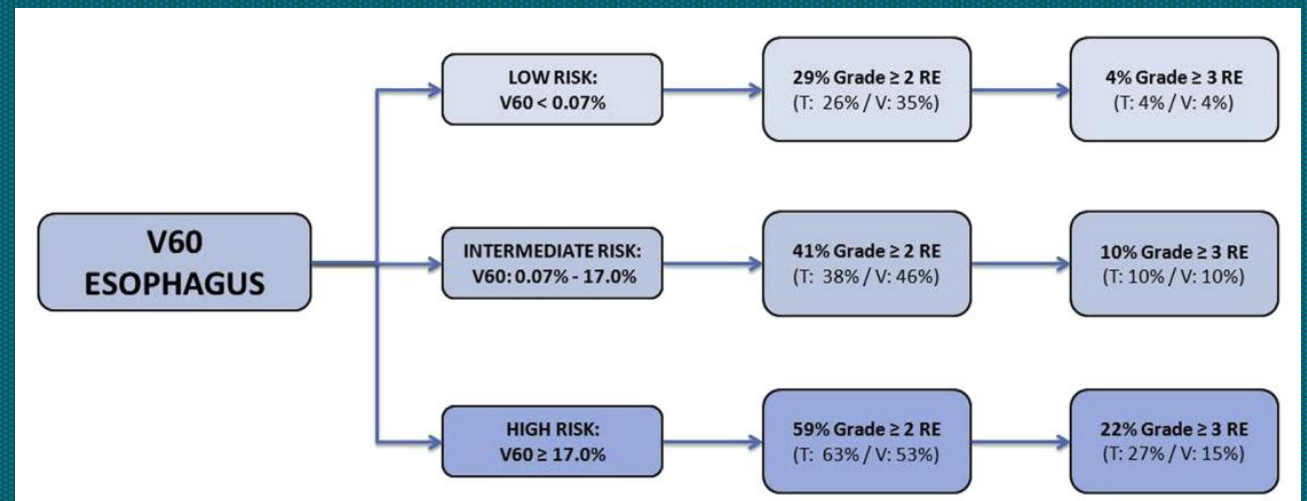
Predictors of Esophagitis

- Usually starts from 4 - 5th week
- Mean dose > 34 Gy
- Etoposide
- V60
- SUVpeak



CLINICAL INVESTIGATION | VOLUME 87, ISSUE 4, P690-696, NOVEMBER 15, 2013

Predicting Esophagitis After Chemoradiation Therapy for Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer: An Individual Patient Data Meta-Analysis



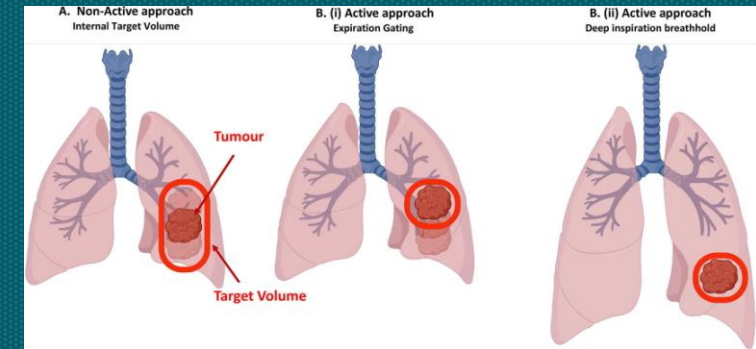
Cardiac Toxicity

RTOG 0617

Appendix 6

RT Endpoint: Multivariate Cox Model of Overall Survival (n=407)

Covariate	Comparison	Dead/Total	Dead/Total	HR (95% CI)	p-value*
		RL	Group 2		
Radiation Level	Standard Dose (RL) vs. High Dose	121/208	136/199	1.34 (1.04, 1.73)	0.0213
Maximum related esophagitis/dysphagia grade	Maximum grade < 3 (RL) vs. Maximum grade ≥ 3	210/349	47/58	1.54 (1.11, 2.15)	0.0102
Volume of PTV	Continuous	257/407		1.000 (1.000, 1.001)	0.0729
Heart V5	Continuous	257/407		1.007 (1.002, 1.011)	0.0035
Zubrod PS	0 (RL) vs. 1	151/240	106/167	1.14 (0.89, 1.47)	0.3045
PET Staging	No (RL) vs. Yes	30/39	227/368	0.77 (0.52, 1.13)	0.1766
Gender	Male (RL) vs. Female	153/240	104/167	0.97 (0.74, 1.26)	0.7975
Histology	Non-squamous (RL) vs. Squamous	146/228	111/179	1.01 (0.78, 1.31)	0.9380



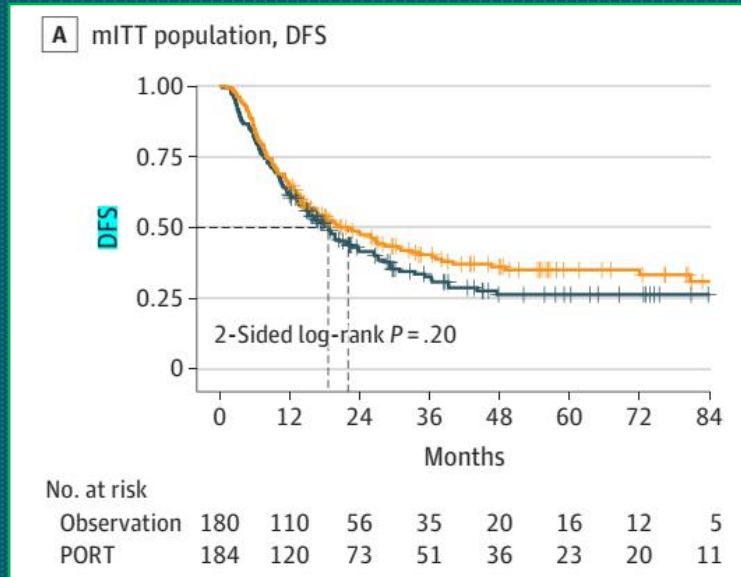
Dose Volume Constraints	Study
Referred reader to trial protocols/guidelines RTOG 0618 and RTOG 0236 RTOG 0617 for NSCLC, RTOG 0538 for SCLC	Troost et al, 2020 Vinogradskiy et al, 2018
Dose Volume Constraint Specified	
MHD < 26 Gy	Kapoor et al, 2020
MHD < 26 Gy, Dmax: V25 Gy < 10%, V30 Gy < 46%, V50 Gy < 40%	Creemers et al, 2019
MHD ≤ 26 Gy, V30Gy ≤ 40%, V40Gy ≤ 30%	Shao et al, 2019
MHD < 32 Gy	Li et al, 2020
MHD < 35 Gy	Kenamond et al, 2018
MHD ≤ 30 Gy	Wu et al, 2018
MHD < 35 Gy	Thomas et al, 2018
MHD < 46 Gy, V50 < 20%	Ottosson et al, 2015
MHD < 26 Gy, V30 < 40 Gy	Zhang et al, 2017
MHD < 15 Gy	Gala et al, 2017
Max dose ≤ 35 Gy, V40Gy ≤ 60%	Xu et al, 2017
D1cc < 78 Gy	Hoffmann et al, 2017
V20Gy < 20%	Bansal et al, 2019
V25Gy < 50%, V40Gy ≤ 30%	Josipovic et al, 2018
V30Gy ≤ 50%	Jaksic et al, 2018
V30Gy ≤ 50%, V45Gy ≤ 35%	Jeter et al, 2018
V40Gy ≤ 30%	Wong et al, 2020
V40Gy < 66%, V50Gy < 66%, V66Gy < 33%	van-Diessen et al, 2019
V45Gy < 66%	Waxweiler et al, 2017
V45Gy < 67%, V65Gy < 33%	Zhao et al, 2020
V60Gy < 33%	Temelli et al, 2020

Effect of Postoperative Radiotherapy for Patients With pIIIA-N2 Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer After Complete Resection and Adjuvant Chemotherapy

The Phase 3 PORT-C Randomized Clinical Trial

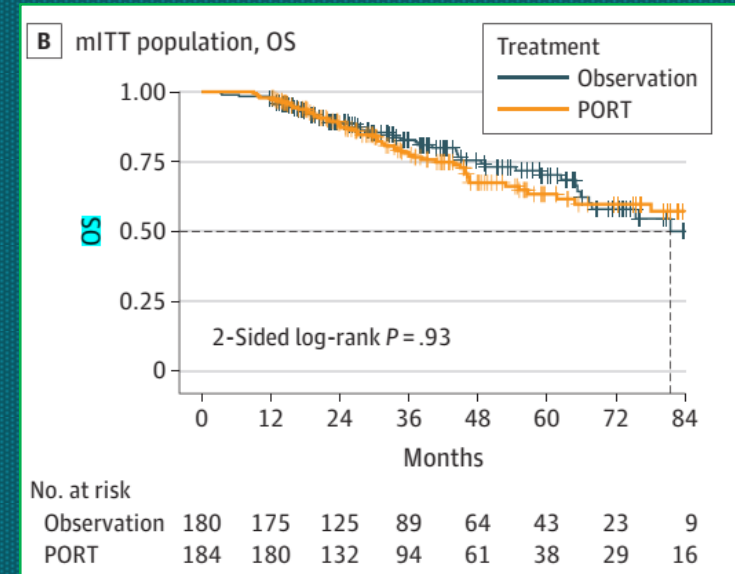
Median FU – 46 months

Median – 22.1 vs 18.6 months
3-year – 40.5% vs 32.7%



Disease free survival

Median – NR vs 81.5 months
3-year – 78.3% vs 82.8%



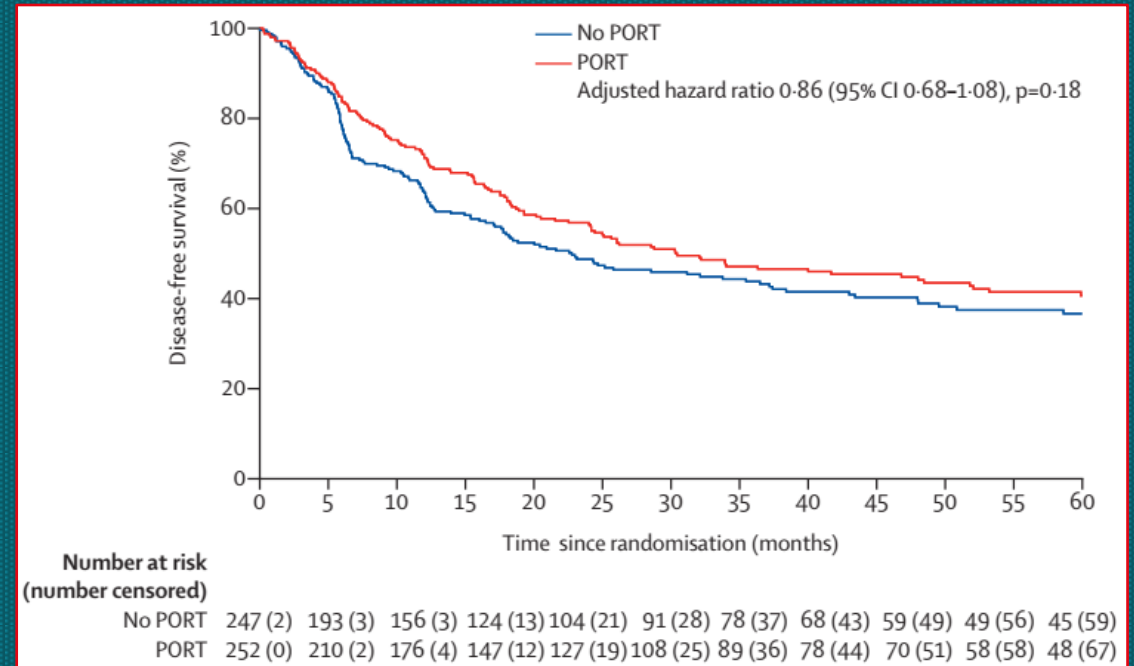
Overall survival



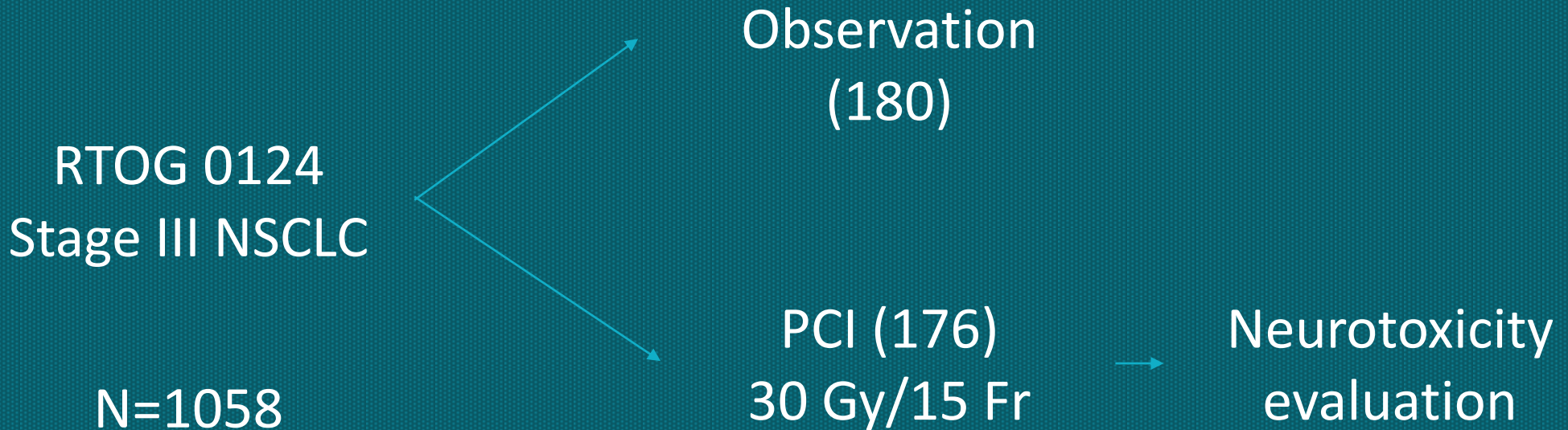
Postoperative radiotherapy versus no postoperative radiotherapy in patients with completely resected non-small-cell lung cancer and proven mediastinal N2 involvement (Lung ART): an open-label, randomised, phase 3 trial

Cecile Le Pechoux, Lancet Oncol 2022; 23: 104-14

Total received dose (in Gy)†		
≤50	7/241 (3%)	..
51-57	231/241 (96%)	..
>57	3 (1%)	..
Main radiotherapy variables†		
Lung V20	23% (17-27)	..
Mean lung dose (Gy)	13 (10-15)	..
Mean heart dose (Gy)	13 (8-19)	..
Heart V35	15% (8-24)	..
PORT technique†		
Three-dimensional conformal radiotherapy	201/226 (89%)	..
Intensity-modulated radiotherapy	25/226 (11%)	..
Missing information	15	..



Prophylactic Cranial Irradiation



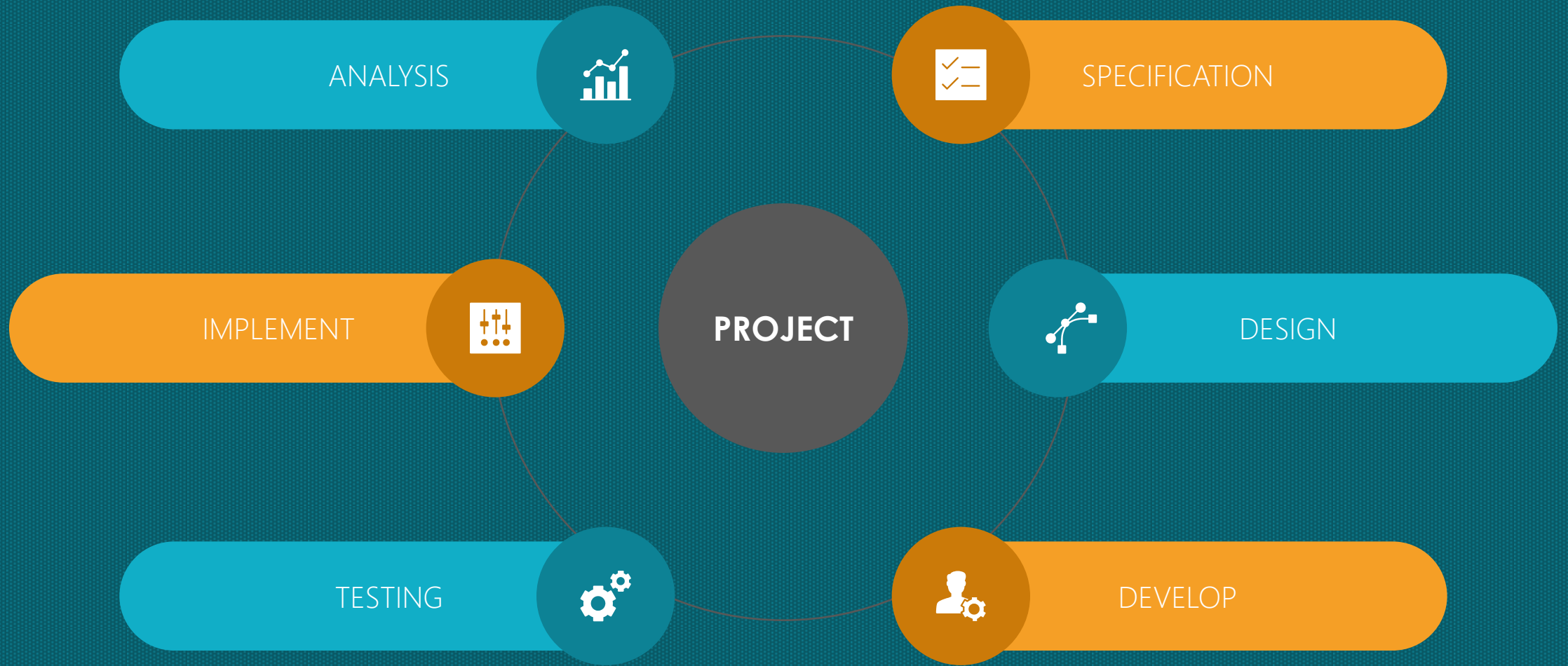
10 year OS was 13.3% Vs 17% (p-NS) and DFS were not significantly different

10 year rates of BM were significantly different (28.3 vs 16.7% for observation and PCI P.003)



THANK YOU

Project Analysis



Project Analysis



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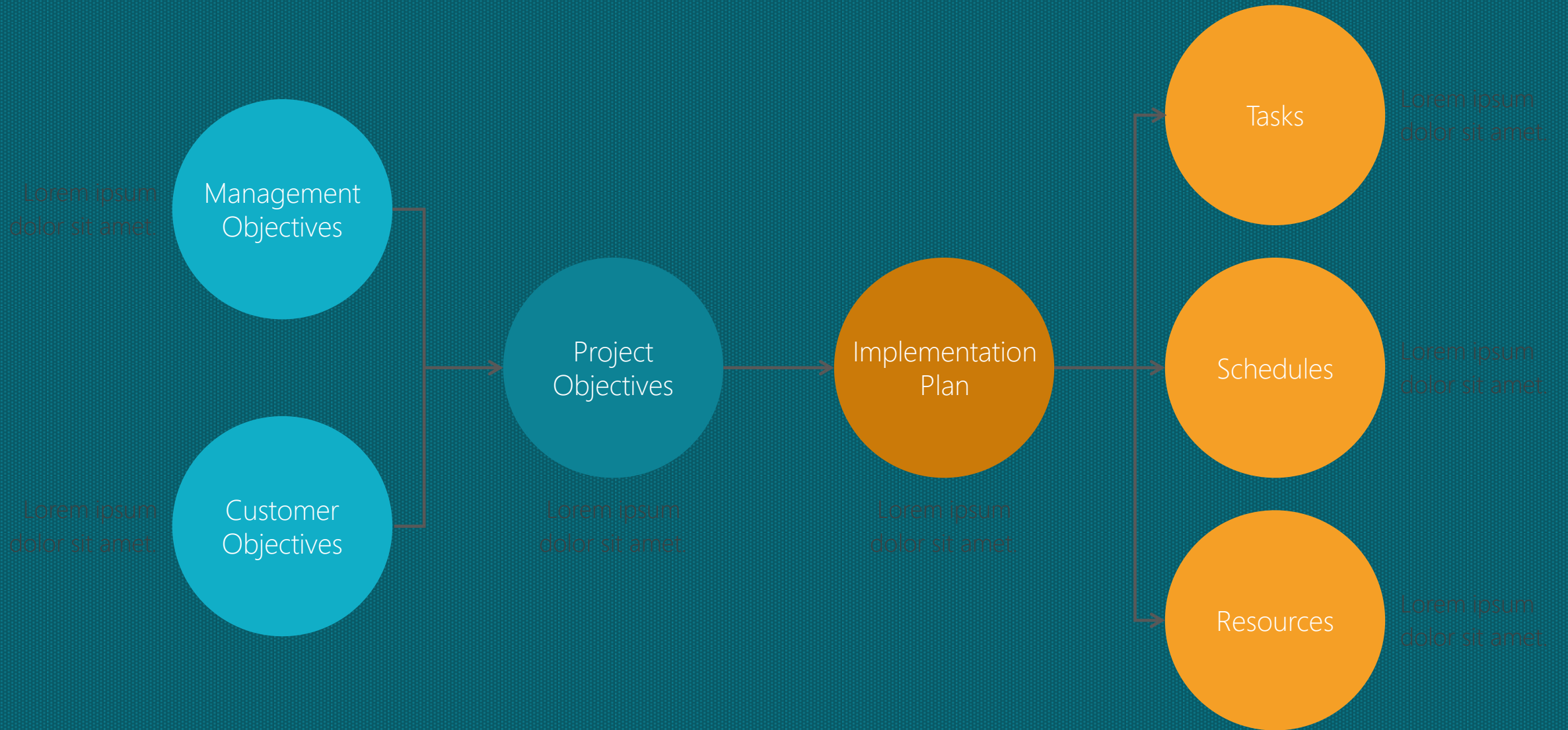
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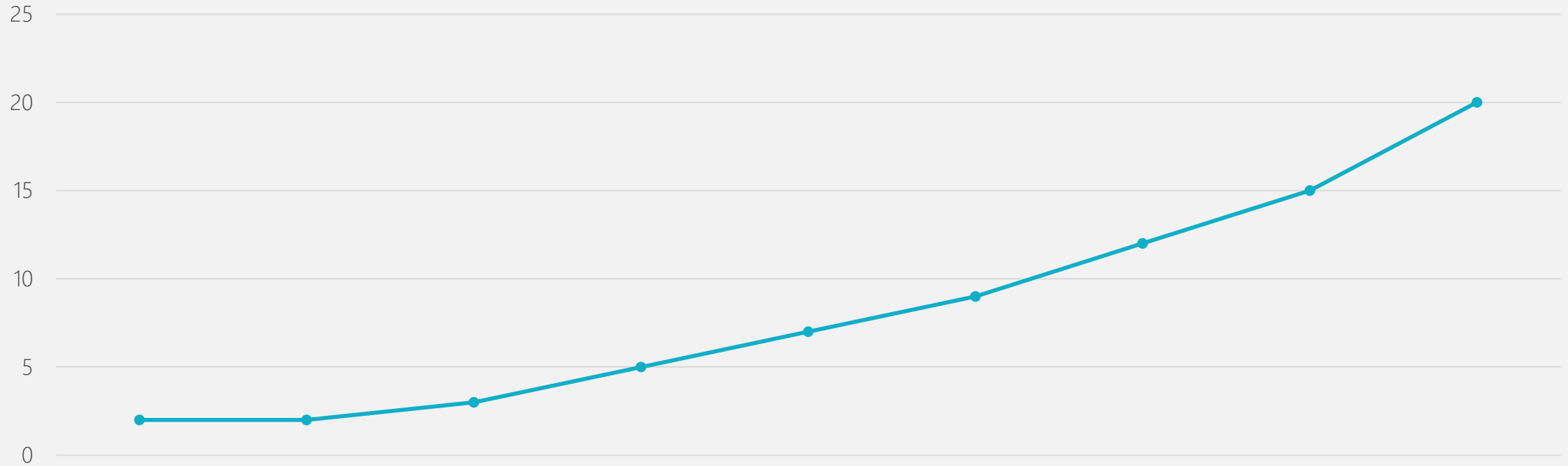
ECOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

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Masterclass in Lung Cancer

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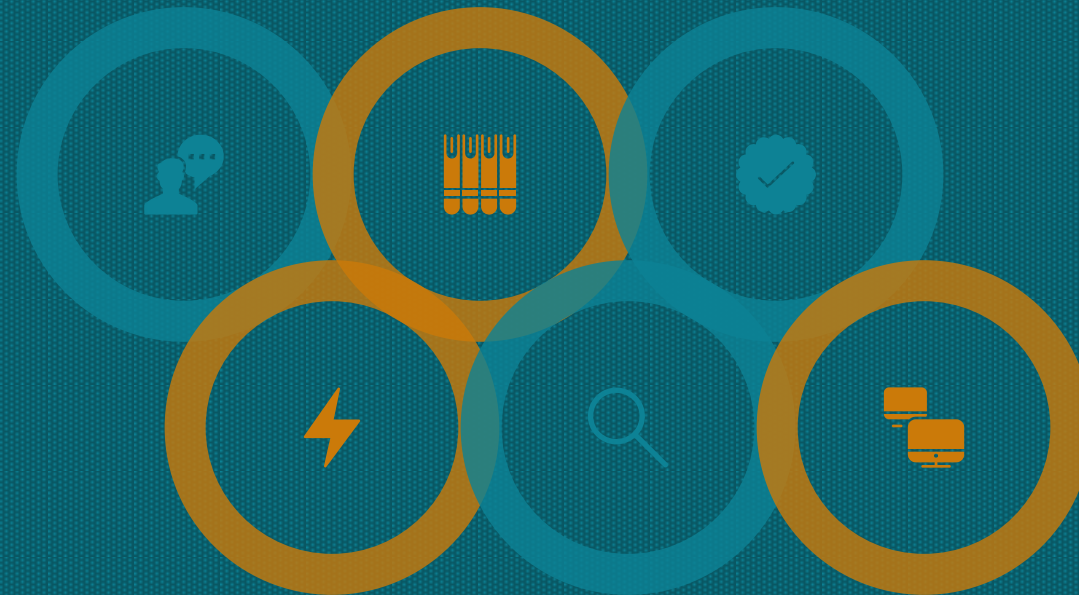
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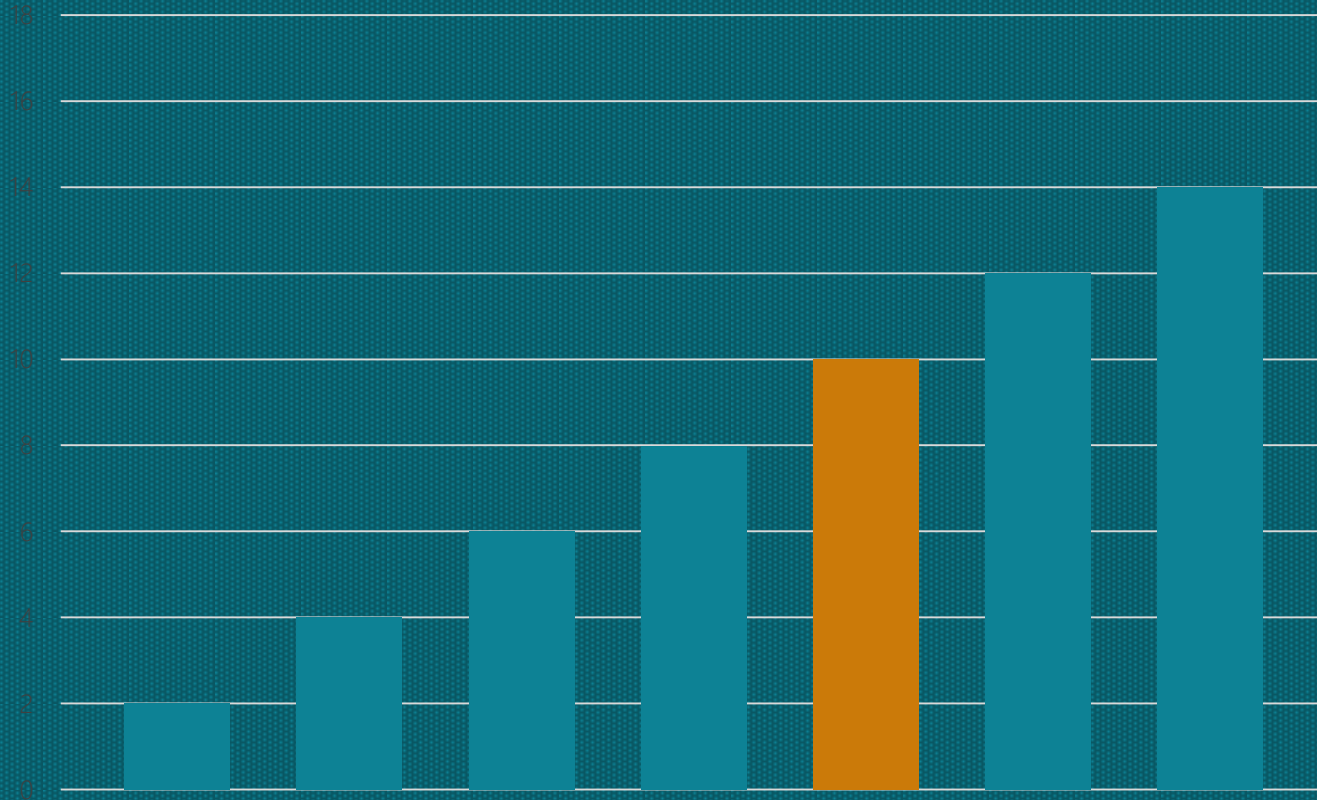
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Thank You

24Slides

Masterclass in Lung Cancer

7/25/2022

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Excel will then open and you can edit the relevant data.

